

# EDMONTON

## COMPLETE G.T.P. ROUNDOUSE AT FITZHUGH NOV. 1

Construction Carried on More Rapidly Since the Steel Head Reached Western Divisional Town—Will Not Start on Gravity Water System Until Next Year

Good progress is being made with the construction of the G. T. P. roundhouse at Fitzhugh, the mountain divisional engineering staff at Fitzhugh, who is in the city for a few days, a guest at the Yale hotel. Mr. Callaghan told The Capital that the roundhouse is being built on a site which was formerly a large field. The roundhouse is being built on a site which was formerly a large field. The roundhouse is being built on a site which was formerly a large field.

There is now a track from the head of the steel in less than 24 hours. A passenger train leaves Edmonton at 3:30 a. m., arriving in Edmonton at 11 p. m. The mixed train leaves Edmonton at 11:15 a. m. and arrives in Edmonton at 5 p. m. The mixed train leaves Edmonton at 11:15 a. m. and arrives in Edmonton at 5 p. m.

## IMPORTANT ACTION IS BEFORE COURT EN BANC

Grand Trunk Pacific Appeals Against Decision of Chief Justice Harvey Awarding Contractors \$55,148.43—Case Deals with Purchase of Supplies

A case of considerable importance to railroad contractors of the west is before the court en banc today, in the appeal of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway company against a decision of Chief Justice Harvey awarding the sum of \$55,148.50 to Alfred and Wickham in respect to a contract for the grading of a portion of the G. T. P. track.

The plaintiff Alfred and Wickham are railroad contractors of Iowa. On September 20, 1908 the Grand Trunk asked them to tender for the grading of a part of the line in the vicinity of the Moose river, a section 40 miles in length west of Wolf Creek crossing. The price submitted by Alfred and Wickham was acceptable to the railway company, who stated, however, that they were ready to limit themselves to the contract not being awarded to Alfred and Wickham, all the contractors' supplies should be purchased from them, and on June 9, it was asked, the G. T. P. agreed to purchase the supplies for the sum named above, not to come to the limit at that time with the purchase money.

Subsequently Alfred and Wickham were paid money by the G. T. P. for the work done by them. They then sued for the balance of the sum of \$55,148.50, and on June 9, it was asked, the G. T. P. agreed to purchase the supplies for the sum named above, not to come to the limit at that time with the purchase money.

## LAURIER EXPECTS TO REST FOR MONTH

WILL SPEND HOLIDAYS IN CALIFORNIA—STRAATHORNA WILL RETIRE IN NEAR FUTURE.

(Western Associated Press) Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Lord Strathcona, the Canadian commissioner at London, is expected in Ottawa next week. He is expected to be in Ottawa next week. He is expected to be in Ottawa next week.

## OFFICE-SEEKERS FLOCK TO OTTAWA

SOME LIBERAL CLERKS WILL BE RETAINED, BUT MOST IMPROVED GO TO CONSERVATIVES.

(Western Associated Press) Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Ottawa is filled with office seekers. The resignation of A. E. Parent, chairman of the National Transcontinental railway commission, is expected at an early date. Mr. Parent was formerly Liberal prime minister of Quebec.

## PREMIER STOLYNS ASSASSIN HANGED

(Western Associated Press) Kiev, Sept. 25.—Emile Bogroff, assassin of Premier Stolyn, was hanged today. Before his execution the young man, who was a Jew, refused to sign a confession.

## DEFEAT OF RECIPROcity A SHOCK TO GERMANY

Considered That Pact Would Be Endorsed and That It Meant Sovereignty From Empire.

(Western Associated Press) London, Sept. 25.—The Sunday Telegraph correspondent says: "When the reciprocity treaty was signed it was interpreted by Germany as not only the end of Great Britain's adoption of a policy of protection as part of its foreign policy, but also as a portent of the empire, but the beginning of Canada's defection from the British empire." The results of the Canadian elections have however added a new element to the situation.

## OPERATE TRAINS TO LANDING THIS FALL

"Trains will be running on the G. N. R. line to Albatross Landing before the end of November," said Mr. J. Macdonald, general manager of the company, to a Capital reporter this morning. "The line is being rapidly carried through to completion."

## ITALIAN WARSHIPS SENT TO TROPICS

NEWSPAPERS WHICH GIVE OUT NAVAL NEWS ARE PROMISED SEVERE PUNISHMENT.

(Western Associated Press) Rome, Sept. 25.—It is reported that an Italian squadron consisting of the battleships, Napoli, and Roma, the armored cruisers, Pisa, Anzio, Giuseppe Garibaldi, Varesco, Giuseppe Peruzzi, and two flotillas of destroyers and torpedo boats left Syracuse tonight for Tripoli.

## GENERAL ELECTION IS NOW IMPROBABLE

FOUR PROVINCIAL BYE ELECTIONS LIKELY HELD IN OCTOBER—PREMIER RETICENT.

On the question of whether or not there is to be a general provincial election, Premier St. Laurent is reticent. He was before the federal elections as he was before and there has been no announcement given out from the office of the bill yet to indicate what course the government will pursue.

## SETTLE MOROCCAN AFFAIR VERY SOON

NEGOTIATION WITH RESPECT TO CONGO WILL BE COMMENCED VERY SHORTLY.

(Western Associated Press) Paris, Sept. 25.—While the Franco-German agreement on Morocco remains very short, it is expected that the negotiations will be completed very soon. The force of the explosion which was reached the magazine which had not been flooded on account of the apparently trifling nature of the explosion. The force of the explosion was terrific. They shook the vessel and aft, each other seemingly awakened by explosion started to jump overboard and were caught by the second detonation. The crew was panicked and fled in wild confusion.

## MASS OF LETTERS CONFRONTS BORDEN

(Western Associated Press) Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Premier Borden arrived at his office in the parliament buildings this morning, he found awaiting him a mass of correspondence which it will take several days to answer. It consisted principally of letters and telegrams of congratulations from all over the Dominion. Mr. Borden was welcomed upon his arrival by a large number of citizens, who extended to him their hearty congratulations.

## HUNDREDS KILLED IN EXPLOSION ON FRENCH WARSHIP

FIRE ORIGINATING IN FORWARD TURRET REACHES MAIN MAGAZINE AND PRIDE OF NAVY IS REDUCED TO MASS OF SCRAP IRON

(Western Press Service) Washington, Sept. 25.—Parriss, Sept. 25.—The latest reports received from Tunis indicate that over 400 officers and men lost their lives in the explosions which occurred on the battleship Liberte early this morning. Official reports sent to the department of marine state that the fire originated in the forward turret and from there spread through the main ammunition hoist to the first magazine. Once it reached this point it was impossible to gain control over the flames and the sailors were ordered to leave the ship. Before they could do so, however, the flames spread to the main magazine, which had been filled to capacity in anticipation of target practice.

## ONARIO ELECTION NOVEMBER NEXT

PREPARING VOTERS LISTS FOR UNORGANIZED DISTRICTS—NUMBER OF VAGANT SEATS.

(Western Associated Press) Toronto, Sept. 25.—Now the Whittaker government will take the plunge. A provincial election about the second week in November is what is on the cards. Following on the Dominion elections the Provincial Conservatives will have the benefit of the two organizations created by the Ontario Conservative party.

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## OFFICIALS NOW ESTIMATE THAT OVER 400 SAILORS AND OFFICERS LOST THEIR LIVES

Cause of Fire Is Unknown and Board Has Been Sent to Investigate—Number of Sailors Escape by Leaping Overboard Scores of Bodies Hurdled High in Air, Accompanied by Fragments of Wood and Steel.

(Special to the Capital) Parriss, Sept. 25.—The latest reports received from Tunis indicate that over 400 officers and men lost their lives in the explosions which occurred on the battleship Liberte early this morning. Official reports sent to the department of marine state that the fire originated in the forward turret and from there spread through the main ammunition hoist to the first magazine. Once it reached this point it was impossible to gain control over the flames and the sailors were ordered to leave the ship. Before they could do so, however, the flames spread to the main magazine, which had been filled to capacity in anticipation of target practice.

The resultant explosion was terrific. The forward part of the ship was blown to splinters and it was here that the greatest loss of life occurred in that the majority of the sailors were asleep in their hammocks on the spitter deck, just above the magazine.

Many of them had just returned from shore leave and some of these were able to escape, but not without serious injuries. The explosion of the forward main magazine ripped a hole downward through the boiler rooms and upward tearing off even the deck of the superstructure. The forward turret was completely demolished, the heavy thirteen and twelve inch guns being torn loose from the turret and hurled into the sea.

The department has appointed an investigating board, which left for the scene of the accident today.

(Western Associated Press) Tunis, France, Sept. 25.—Fire broke out early in the morning below the battleship Liberte, caused by a jammed magazine which had escaped but for discipline, which held them at their posts. At the first explosion, the men knew instantly what was happening, but they were too late to escape. The force of the explosion was terrific. They shook the vessel and aft, each other seemingly awakened by explosion started to jump overboard and were caught by the second detonation. The crew was panicked and fled in wild confusion.

The Liberte was anchored in Roadstead, where she had been since her return from the Mediterranean. A particular significance attached to the review, the most important in the history of the French navy, as it was on the very day that France communicated to Germany terms upon which the terrible effort of settlement of Moroccan dispute with Germany.

Following the review, the fleet resumed autumn maneuvers and gun practice. Latest estimate that afternoon placed number of men killed at 400. To these must be added 100 men from other ships who were killed. Several of the ships which had gone to meet the battleship to aid of Liberte sank when the final explosion occurred. Twenty of the ships which had gone to meet the battleship to aid of Liberte sank when the final explosion occurred. Twenty of the ships which had gone to meet the battleship to aid of Liberte sank when the final explosion occurred.

Today the situation of the vessel was not so serious. The fire was discovered about five o'clock and the signal sounded throughout the vessel summoning the crew to fire quarters. Immediately an order was given to flood the holds, but the intense heat of the fire was so great that the water did not check the rapidly spreading flames.

Smoke poured from the ship and the water level rose. Scores of sailors leaped overboard and swam frantically for safety, but scarcely more than 100 had plunged into the water before a floating body. There were rescued.

(Continued on Page Five.)







# PHILADELPHIA IS ANXIOUS THAT N. Y. WIN LEAGUE

"Gee on, you Giants!" is the slogan in Philadelphia as well as in New York. Followers of the Athletics are anxious to have the Giants land the National League pennant for several reasons. Thousands who find it impossible to make a long trip to the west could see the games if played in Philadelphia and New York. So far as the owners of the Athletics and the players are concerned the question of revenue for the defeat of the Athletics in 1905 does not enter into consideration.

All baseball players have long been known as superstitious, seldom sentimental. When a member of the Athletics was asked recently what National League team his mites would rather face this fall he replied: "The Giants, of course." "I suppose that is because of that beating they gave you the last time the Athletics met them in the world's series," he replied. "No, it's because the new Polo grounds can accommodate more spectators than any other in the country," replied the practical but honest athlete.

Only think for a moment that the Philadelphia enthusiasts breathe the ability of the Giants. On the contrary they have the highest respect for McGraw's men.

One of the lookouts of the Athletics, a relative of Connie Mack, recently said the following regarding the Giants after carefully inspecting their style of play:

"That team will be harder to beat than the Cubs ever could be under present conditions. In the first place the Cubs have lost much of their speed. Frank Chance as a playing manager was without a peer, but he has yet to show his ability as a leader from the bench. McGraw has a splendidly drilled team of hitters. There is not a man on the team who cannot do anything in mind but winning. I went out expecting to see some points of weakness in the Giants, but I could find none that I feared."

"Outside of battery workers, the Giants have not a player who would be rated a speedster in any set. Nine on the team, I would say that Thomas and Meyers are about equal in speed. But I think that Thomas has profited greatly by his experience at bat. Thomas and Meyers are about equal in speed. But I think that Thomas has profited greatly by his experience at bat. Thomas and Meyers are about equal in speed. But I think that Thomas has profited greatly by his experience at bat."

"Gombs has not been the wonder he was last year, but he is a mighty good weather twirler. At first I was surprised at the keenness displayed by Merkle, whom I had never had a chance to size up thoroughly. He is a remarkable athlete to live down the incident of 1908. I think he has a shade on my boy first baseman, Melvin, but Eddie Collins hit on Leary's 'Stuffy' is a plucky boy and can hit. Pitcher, but he has not been doing so well. On experience I would give Barry the edge."

"Claker and Leger as third asmen are both clever, but give me Baker for his long drives. Without going into batting or fielding performance, I do not think the outfield of the Athletics can compare with the trio of the Giants for speed, batting ability and defensive work. And the regulars of the Athletics are not weaklings, either, as their batting averages prove."

# STRAY TOPIC FROM LITTLE OLD DEEWORKE

Jews of Continent Opening of Their Year—Bargains Cause Gothamites Considerable Trouble—Nature Fakir is Again Distanced by a New Yorker

New York, September 25.—At sunset last night the Jewish new year began and today more than 1,000,000 people in Greater New York are celebrating the event. It is a rather peculiar fact that there are more Jews in New York City than in all the rest of the country taken together. The total number of Jews in the United States is nearly 2,000,000. The overwhelming majority of the Jews live in the large cities. More than 1,000,000 live in Greater New York; in Chicago, 180,000; in Philadelphia, 100,000; in Boston, 80,000; in St. Louis, 50,000; in Pittsburgh, 45,000; in Baltimore, 35,000; in San Francisco, 25,000; in Cincinnati, 20,000; in Minneapolis and St. Paul, 20,000.

The larger part of these Jews have come to America within the past twenty-five years and the rate of increase from this source is rapidly advancing. The positions of influence occupied by many of these Jews give them a tremendous power, far beyond what might be indicated by their numbers. They are an important factor in the world of finance and control enormous wealth. It is stated that there are in New York City alone about 3,000 Jewish lawyers and more than 1,000 Jewish physicians. In each of these professions and in others there are from one to six professors who belong to the Hebrew race. The theatrical enterprises are almost entirely in the hands of the Jews and the number of Jews in the theatrical profession is steadily increasing. It is also a fact that many of the leading daily papers in the country are owned and controlled by Jews.

The recently issued report of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor indicates that during this year there has been a decrease in the number of families needing relief at the present time is reported greater than at the same time last year. Of the 1,573 families in the association's care this summer sickness was the cause of poverty in 684 cases, or 43 per cent. Intemperance caused only a little less than 2 per cent of the cases. There is no doubt that the cause of poverty in 684 cases, or 43 per cent. Intemperance caused only a little less than 2 per cent of the cases. There is no doubt that the cause of poverty in 684 cases, or 43 per cent. Intemperance caused only a little less than 2 per cent of the cases.

Unemployment was the second most important cause, with a percentage of 25. Insufficient income led 19 per cent, to seek relief; death and accident were each responsible for 2 per cent. Of 25, insufficient income led 19 per cent, to seek relief; death and accident were each responsible for 2 per cent. Of 25, insufficient income led 19 per cent, to seek relief; death and accident were each responsible for 2 per cent.

Old age was the cause. Other causes were: "Sharon" Eye Glasses. M. Mecklenburg, M. A. MUNICH '98. Eyesight Specialist. 215 Jasper St. Phone 6225.

controlling causes were intemperance, fire, mental deficiency, immorality and insanity.

A case, sadder, probably, than a great many others, and which illustrates how some worthy families are cast into misery by a cruel fate, occurred here the other day. A wood carver with a wife and eight children, was laid off during the slack summer season and for three weeks tried in vain to find work. His scanty savings were soon used up and he and his family were at the point of starvation. The father, however, had been employed at street work again and he was asked to report for work. He had scarcely been at work half an hour when his hand was caught in the machinery and torn to shreds. The injured man was first taken to a hospital where the hand was amputated, and then he was sent home. The accident occurred when he was standing on the front porch of his neighbor's house across the street from his own, some distance away. He was carrying a heavy box of tools and was about to enter the house through a rear window and stoop about 8000 worth of jewelry and brooches. The rubber worked without a tear of detection, as there was nobody in the house and he was alone. He was then taken to a hospital where the hand was amputated, and then he was sent home. The accident occurred when he was standing on the front porch of his neighbor's house across the street from his own, some distance away. He was carrying a heavy box of tools and was about to enter the house through a rear window and stoop about 8000 worth of jewelry and brooches. The rubber worked without a tear of detection, as there was nobody in the house and he was alone. He was then taken to a hospital where the hand was amputated, and then he was sent home.

While A. L. Lowe, a wealthy resident of the neighborhood, while his own house across the street from his own, some distance away. He was carrying a heavy box of tools and was about to enter the house through a rear window and stoop about 8000 worth of jewelry and brooches. The rubber worked without a tear of detection, as there was nobody in the house and he was alone. He was then taken to a hospital where the hand was amputated, and then he was sent home. The accident occurred when he was standing on the front porch of his neighbor's house across the street from his own, some distance away. He was carrying a heavy box of tools and was about to enter the house through a rear window and stoop about 8000 worth of jewelry and brooches. The rubber worked without a tear of detection, as there was nobody in the house and he was alone. He was then taken to a hospital where the hand was amputated, and then he was sent home.

The Tarrytown correspondent of one of the leading New York dailies has contributed a story that should make every other nature-fakir turn green with envy. According to the report, a man named in Tarrytown is the proud possessor of an unusually bright and clever setter dog. The clever dog he took the dog to town and bought him a new collar for which he paid \$2. After he had returned home the owner of the dog sat at the front porch of his house, smoking a pipe, when he observed his dog engaged in the role of a setter. The owner of the setter became interested and was about to get up and investigate, when the dog ran away. He followed him to his mass, occupied two bright silver dollars in his hand. The man was surprised when he saw that they were for his collar. He had been told that they were for his collar. He had been told that they were for his collar.

Because his wife had taken possession of and worn one of his suits, a mechanic in Williamsburg nearly killed his wife the other day, by slitting her seven times. When arrested, the man expressed no regret for his deed. So furious was he still that he said he was sorry he didn't have a pistol to rid his wife with bullets.

FALL FAIR DATES

The following is the list, complete to date, of the fairs to be held throughout Alberta during the present summer and fall:

Circuit No. 2.

Kelsey.....Sept. 27

Highmounter.....Sept. 29

Imperial.....Oct. 2, 3

Circuit No. 4.

Viking and Birch Lake.....Sept. 28

Edmonton.....Sept. 28

Circuit No. 5.

Cardston.....Sept. 26, 27

Gravelly.....Sept. 27

Tasert.....Sept. 28, 29

Rowlandville.....Oct. 3

Landon and How.....Oct. 4, 5

Circuit No. 6.

Telford.....Sept. 29

Wenden.....Sept. 26, 27

Alex.....Sept. 27

Lacombe.....Sept. 28, 29

Brooks.....Oct. 2, 3

Camrose.....Oct. 5, 6

Circuit No. 7.

Priddy and Midlandville.....Oct. 5

Howden.....Sept. 26, 27

Didsbury.....Oct. 4

Glendon.....Oct. 5

Circuit No. 8.

Stettler.....Sept. 28, 29

Castor.....Sept. 26, 27



## HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

The Great Traders of the Great West

INCORPORATED A.D. 1070

# LAST FEW DAYS OF BIG SHOE SALE

A MONEY SAVING OPPORTUNITY, FAR TOO GOOD TO BE MISSED. THE GOODS WE ARE OFFERING ARE THIS SEASON'S STYLES AND STRICTLY UP TO DATE. COME TODAY AND SHARE IN THE BARGAINS. HERE ARE JUST A FEW.

- GREAT BARGAINS IN SHOES FOR MEN**
- 100 Pairs of Men's Fine Shoes in Vici, Kid, Velour and Box Calf Bluchers. Regular \$4.00. On Sale ..... **2.95**
- 100 Pairs of Men's Working Boots, all guaranteed solid leather. Sizes 6 to 11. Regular \$2.50. On Sale ..... **1.75**
- 175 Pairs of Men's Stylish Shoes. (Hurley's), blucher cut, in Patent Leather. Regular \$6.00. On Sale ..... **4.50**

- Dozens of Other Chances to Save Money**
- BARGAINS IN SHOES FOR WOMEN**
- All High Grade Canadian Shoes, at prices which can't be duplicated this year. Included are Women's Vici Kid, Box Calf and Patent Leathers, all good fitters and this season's styles. Sizes 2 to 7. Reg. \$4.00 and \$5.00. On Sale ..... **3.50**

- GREAT BARGAINS IN SHOES FOR BOYS**
- 50 Pairs Boys' Box Kid Bluchers. Sizes 1 to 5. Regular \$2.25. On Sale ..... **1.75**
- 48 Pairs of Boy's Wax Calf Bluchers. Heavy Soles. Sizes 1 to 5. Regular \$2.00. On Sale ..... **1.50**
- 60 Pairs, Boy's Heavy Split Bluchers, just the kind for rough wear. Sizes 1 to 5. Regular \$1.75. On Sale ..... **1.35**
- 60 Pairs of Youth's Box Kid Bluchers. Sizes 11 to 13. Regular \$2.00. On Sale ..... **1.65**

- BARGAINS IN SHOES FOR GIRLS**
- Extra special values are being given in Girls Shoes, that look well and wear well. Good value at double these prices:—
- Misses' Shoes. On Sale up from ..... **\$1.75**
- Children's Shoes. On Sale up from ..... **\$1.35**

**WARM WINTER UNDERWEAR FOR WOMEN**

You'll sure to need some warmer Underclothing now that the cold weather is so fast coming. It's time for a change right now. We can thoroughly recommend the following lines for warmth and comfort:

- HEAVY FLEECE LINED VESTS FOR WOMEN**
- Taped neck, long sleeves and splendid value at ..... **50c**
- Drawers of the same quality, open and closed styles ..... **50c**
- NATURAL WOOL RIBBED VESTS FOR WOMEN**
- Three parts wool, guaranteed absolutely unshrinkable. Long sleeves. Very special at ..... **1.00**
- Drawers of same quality ..... **\$1.00**
- WHITE WOOL RIBBED VESTS FOR WOMEN**
- Made of the finest quality white wool, absolutely unshrinkable. Perfect fitting. Excellent value at ..... **1.50**
- Drawers of same quality ..... **\$1.50**

- DEPENDABLE WINTER UNDERWEAR FOR CHILDREN**
- Made of fine white wool, Swiss ribbed, unshrinkable. A line we can thoroughly recommend for children. To fit children from 1 to 14 years. Prices range (according to size) from ..... **43c to \$1.25**
- CHILDREN'S NATURAL WOOL VESTS AND DRAWERS**
- Half wool, unshrinkable, long sleeves. Great value at ..... **50c, 60c, and 75c**
- EXTRAORDINARY VALUE IN SILK AND LACE WAISTS FOR WOMEN**
- Regular \$4.50 & \$5.00. On Sale ..... **1.95**

It's to be a complete clearance of Silk and Net Waists to make room for a large incoming shipment. The waists we are offering are in Ecru and White Lace, and black, navy and brown Clifton, Taffeta Silk, with Kimono sleeve, and all prettily trimmed with new French ruffle down the front. All sizes from 32 to 42. Regular \$4.50 and \$5.00. On Sale Tuesday..... **1.95**

See Window

# The Hudson's Bay Company :: Jasper at Third

## Are Obeying Admonition to the Strict Letter

And Mother and Daughter in Scare of Trouble Because of Lying Words of Husband and Father Telling Them to Trust No One

(Ottawa Cable Service)

Mrs. S. J. S. says the words of the dying man, very properly regarded as sacred, but undoubtedly there are many who when they are told that they should be obeyed in the letter, but in the spirit, such however, was the opinion of two ladies, Mrs. S. J. S. and her daughter Emma, whose story provides the most interesting sensation. These two ladies are extremely wealthy, having inherited anything between \$100,000 and \$200,000 from the father of the elder and the grandfather of the younger. The testator, feeling as the moral law has it, that his end was near, summoned his daughter and granddaughter to his bedside, told them in his presence, an undisturbed attention, which he emphasized by an extended and rhythmically beating forefinger. "Remember, confide in nobody, trust nobody, and never sign your names—never, never, never!" he died. The testator's words, which he repeated to his daughter and granddaughter, remained in their minds as the guiding maxims of their lives.

They trusted nobody, and therefore employed no servants, their modest means being sent in to the duty from a neighboring inn. Part of their money was invested in mortgages, some of their property was leased, but in all their transactions they steadfastly refused to put their names to a piece of paper of any kind. In a saving bank they had a deposit of \$20,000, which on one occasion they intended to draw. One of the public, of his trustworthiness, the chief officer made the payment in presence of four witnesses, and deposited with the customary signed receipt.

Recently a mortgagee sought the assistance of the law and obtained a decree authorizing him to pay the sum of \$6000 in redemption of a mortgage, burdened with the costs of the action. That he would neither receive the \$5000 nor pay the \$100 costs due to the public treasury. However, the treasury is an inexorable creditor, and house in the Via Veia and requested them to open the door so that he might restrain upon their goods. At the first word of the fiduciary the doors were barred and bolted and the windows were closed. Carminers were summoned to enforce the decree of the law. Still no response. Perforce came on the scene and, hose in hand, prepared to take the house by assault. Two of them, scaled the gate of the courtyard, the hose was put through a window, but the birds had flown to another part of the house. At last, while the door was being attacked with axes, a window was thrown open and the terrified women thrust out their heads.

"Open the door," said the bailiff, "we will do you no harm."

"Go away," replied the ladies, "we will throw ourselves out of the window."

A jet of water caused them to withdraw from the window. Finally the door was broken down, and the besiegers entered the elated. The ladies, however, had vanished through a back door, and were seen rushing towards the police station to demand assistance against "burglars." Then they fled to the house and throwing themselves before a statue of the Madonna implored her aid.

Meanwhile the bailiff had carried out his task and left the building. The ladies returned unobserved, bolted and barred the door, and were seen rushing towards the police station to demand assistance against "burglars." Then they fled to the house and throwing themselves before a statue of the Madonna implored her aid.

It was at the private theatricals and the young man wished to compliment his hostess, saying: "Madam, you play your part splendidly. It is you to perfection."

"I'm afraid not. A young and pretty woman is needed for that part," said the smiling hostess.

"But, madam, you have positively proved to the contrary."

A man may appear great to some while to others he is merely large. There is one man who is both—President William H. Taft. He likes to make jokes at his own expense, and, one day when he suited a car for which he had been running—"The more waist—the less speed."

## LOST

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEW FINDER

ABOUT 1 1/2" x 2" x 3/4" in

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## BYRON MAY CO

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AND RECEIVE \$2 REWARD

## H.L. WILLIAMS & CO.

(W. S. Randall, Manager)

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that fit him—AND MOST MEN DON'T GET THEM.

In our own behalf, we'll say that our clothes fit, because they are cut and tailored by the World's Best Tailors.

Suits at \$16, \$18 to \$20, in Tweed and Worsted.

Overcoats \$15.00 to \$25.00. Try on one.

## The BOSTON HART BROS.

## The Indian Reservation at Fort George

Has been sold to the Dominion Government. This means that as soon as the Elections are over

## The Grand Trunk Pacific

will make their final announcement. Now is the time to BUY FORT GEORGE.

FT. GEORGE & FRASER VALLEY LAND CO., LTD.

(CAPITAL \$300,000.00)

Nankin Block—Opposite May Street

700 First Street. PHONE 4173

## EMPIRE THEATRE

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Four Nights Commencing

### SEPTEMBER 25th

HARRY LEWIS PRESENTS

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## "The Tourist"

WEDNESDAY NIGHT AND THURSDAY

## "The Census Taker"

PRETTY GIRLS FUNNY COMEDIANS CATCHY MUSIC

PRICES—\$1.00, 75c, 50c, and 25c





# The Long-Waited-For 21st CENTURY At Last on Sale Prices are Low: Terms Only 1/3 Cash: Balance 6, 12 and 18 Months: Can Early and Get Your Choice

## HAWKING 21st CENTURY

### 43 JASPER W.

### PHONE 4444

## Citizens Will Vote On Amalgamation Tomorrow

Liberal Opposition Indicates that Agreement Will Be Ratified  
on Both Sides of the River—No Legal  
Handicap to Plebiscite

**THE POLLING PLACE.**

No. 1—For all citizens resident in that part of the city lying west of Ninth street, 1123 Jasper west, William C. Marshall, deputy returning officer.

No. 2—For all citizens resident between Ninth and Tenth streets and in River East district, 4, northeast corner of Jasper and Fifth streets, deputy returning officer, Edmund Chamberlain.

No. 3—For all citizens resident east of First street, and south of Clark, except river lot, 4, James Brockmeyer, deputy returning officer.

No. 4—For all citizens resident east of First street and north of Clark street, 1222, Kinistone avenue, G. Mitchell, deputy returning officer.

Shall the cities of Edmonton and Strathcona be united? This question, the most momentous question of municipal policy, will be decided by the ratepayers of the twin cities tomorrow. The councils of the two cities have decided to accept the opinion of their constituents before proceeding to apply for the necessary legislation to make amalgamation an accomplished fact.

The terms of the proposed amalgamation have already been thoroughly

## WILL JUST KEEP ON BUILDING RAILWAYS

MAKES NO DIFFERENCE TO C.N.R.  
WHAT GOVERNMENT IS IN POWER, SAYS PRESIDENT.

"It doesn't matter what government comes or so, we'll keep on building railways," said Sir William McKenzie, president of the Canadian Northern railway, as he drove away in his car from the government building this morning accompanied by Premier Sifton.

"It doesn't make any difference to the C.N.R.," suggested a newspaper man.

"Not a bit of it," said the railway president as he moved off.

Sir William McKenzie paid a flying visit to the city this morning at the request of Premier Sifton who is anxious to complete the details of his northern railway project. First arrangements were drawn up, and in the course of the next few days it is anticipated that Premier Sifton will make an announcement as to the details of his scheme.

Frank Conkling a telephonist on the C.P.R., died at his home at 216 Morris street yesterday evening. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 from Andrews Brothers undertaking parlors.

## BOOKLETS SHOULD PROVE A BENEFIT

SHOW WHERE TO GET BRITISH  
MADE GOODS—OPENINGS FOR  
CANADIAN FIRMS.

"British-made-goods and where to get them," and "Trade Openings for Canadian Goods" are the titles of two comprehensive booklets, packages of Fisher of the board of trade. They are which have been received by Secretary of distribution to any who want them and will undoubtedly be of special value to wholesalers and retailers of British goods in Edmonton, who would purchase goods from British firms.

The first booklet is a directory in such a manner that it is possible to find with very little difficulty the names of the firms manufacturing or selling certain commodities. The names of the manufacturers are alphabetically arranged and opposite each one is the index number of the manufacturing firm which can be found in another section of the book.

"British-made-goods and where to get them," is printed in three languages, English, French and Spanish. Special attention is given to the advertisements of firms maintaining active export agencies, wishing to build up an export trade with foreign countries in which their goods have not been introduced hitherto. It is sent out by the commercial intelligence bureau of 57 Hohenberg street, London, England. In the front of the book there is country blank which can be filled in asking for detailed catalogues, prices and other information regarding specified articles. The names of 557 manufacturing or exporting firms are given with details as to the character of their product.

Through the columns of the Journal an invitation is extended to people of all established commercial nations and all nations entering into commercial relations with the exception of Canada, to call at the offices of the commercial intelligence bureau to get information as to British manufacturing and trading companies, and to the people of all nations which do not use the A. B. C. alphabet and a special invitation is extended to visitors in England from the United States, but Canadian trade only.

At the board of trade rooms in the King Edward hotel, a large number of these booklets for distribution. They can be obtained by anyone who is interested in the purchase of British goods or in securing a Canadian agency for articles manufactured by firms in the Mother Country.

## NEWS OF MOTHER'S DEATH DELAYED

CHARLES WALCOTT, HEARS OF  
MOTHERS DEATH WEEKS  
AFTER FUNERAL.

Emphasis undoubtedly will be lent to the popular opinion among people in certain sections of the United States that Western Canada is still an uncivilized wilderness, by the story of Charles Walcott, son of Dr. Walcott of the Smithsonian Institute, Washington, D.C., who has spent the summer in Jasper Park, and who did not hear of his mother's death in the railway accident on the Leigh Valley road between New York and Rochester late in August, when a number of passengers were killed as the train plunged over a bridge, until nearly a month after the accident happened.

Mr. Walcott, accompanied by three other young scientists from Washington—Ned Hollister, J. H. Riley and H. Blagden—went into Jasper Park about July 1, and they returned to Edmonton from the west on Saturday night. It was impossible for Walcott either by mail or by wire to advise him news of the death of his mother, and it was not until weeks after her funeral, that a letter bearing the sad intelligence finally reached him.

The four men have been working with A. W. Wheeler, president of the Alpine club, who has been making a geological survey of the park during the summer months. More than 500 square miles of the park have been surveyed by Mr. Wheeler's party this summer and the Washington men have also secured a complete set of specimens of the animals found in the park and the vegetable growth common to this section of the Rockies.

Mr. Walcott and the others are now on their way back to Washington.

## HUNDREDS KILLED BY EXPLOSION ON FRENCH WARSHIP

(Continued from page one)

series of detonations culminated in a terrible explosion that tore out the side of the great steel vessel, which sank over to one side and sank within five minutes.

In addition, dead bodies and debris were floating about, the disturbed waters which splashed about for several weeks. A wide circle around the spot where the craft had floated so proudly, white, before, seemed to have escaped death, but strange, desperate and small boats were picking up as many as they could reach. As the battleship went down, several of her guns were discharged as a requiem salute.

**GIGANTIC TURNIP.**

A turnip of mammoth proportions is on exhibition at the board of trade rooms. It is 32 inches around, weighs 21 pounds, 4 ounces, and was sown in the garden of John Rose, at Natcha, Edmonton, from seed of his own growing.

A very attractive photograph is to be seen at the board of trade rooms of a vegetable display on the farm of J. H. Gadsden, Gorton Lodge. The picture shows splendid specimens of turnips, parsnips, beets, squash, celery, spinach, cauliflower, cabbages, fennel, all of which were grown in Mr. Gadsden's garden.

E. S. McQuill has returned to the city from the east.

## THIRTY-ONE YEARS HE WALKED TRACK

RAILWAY WATCHER PENSIONED SO  
CAN SEE WIFE MARRIED 15  
YEARS AGO.

(Special to The Capital.)

San Francisco, Sept. 22.—After 31 years of service as a track walker for the Southern Pacific, Manuel K. Silva was today placed on the pension list and given a long-sought opportunity to visit his wife, to whom he was married fifteen years ago, but whom he has never seen during that time.

Silva was married by contract, his wife being in Portugal, while he was in California at the time. He walked his beat as track walker on his wedding night.

The railroad officials have found Silva's record to be perhaps the most remarkable in railroad history. During the 31 years he has walked an average of 18 miles a day, 6750 miles a year, making a total of 303,675 miles, or eight times around the globe.

## CITY HALL NOTES

The last river excursion of the season will be taken this week by the city of Edmonton will be invited to cast their votes either for or against a municipal-owned gas plant, and at the same time, to express their opinion as to whether the gas to be supplied should be an illuminating or a non-illuminating gas.

The commissioners will award a five-year contract for the gas to be used in the city of Edmonton, to the lowest bidder. Instructions to Superintendent Knight were issued this morning, directing him to advertise in the local papers, and in Calgary, Winnipeg, Toronto and Vancouver for tenders for the five years' business. These will be received and the contract awarded at an early date.

Tenders for the roofing of the hospital were received and referred to the clerk of works and Dr. Whitelaw medical officer of health.

According to a statement for the first nine months of the municipal year which ended on July 31, the total revenue of the department for those months was \$50,898.48, and the total expenditure, inclusive of interest and redemption, \$38,242.59, showing a surplus on the nine months' working of \$12,655.89.

Robert Wilkes' claim for damages for injuries sustained while he was working on a steam roller on Jasper avenue, was settled by the commissioners this morning for the sum of \$80.

Tenders for hay and oats and straw required for the city horses, will be called for immediately.

At a cost which will total in the neighborhood of \$2,700, the improvements in order to induce householders and others to use gas furnaces, and so do away with the dirt, trouble and unsanitary conditions of the use of coal.

So that it would seem to be entirely the interests of the rate-payers to vote in favour of a non-illuminating gas, and in favour of the question whether the gas plant should be built and operated by the city or not.

As to this question of municipal

## MAYOR ARMSTRONG VIEWS

Discussing the question this morning Mayor Armstrong said:

"I think it would be a dreadful misfortune to the city, were it to part with its franchise at this time. Holding as we do, every other utility, and giving as cheap or a still cheaper service than can be obtained elsewhere, and in the west, to decide that at this stage, when all the utilities are settling on a paying basis, when the pioneers of municipal ownership have completed their work and the enterprises are proving themselves the most valuable assets a city could possess, would, in my opinion, be a disastrous step. A gas proposition is one of the easiest things to handle, and one which the municipality can undertake with greater advantage than any other utility."

J. A. Thompson of the Thompson Realty company of Alberta Landing, contacted the city yesterday for a short visit.

Moreover, the city would take the entire risk of what may be termed the speculation, and it is quite reasonable to suppose that for the first few years, the plant would be operated at a considerable, though gradually decreasing, loss.

If the plant is installed, maintained and operated by a company, the company must take entire risk.

Assuming that a proper contract is entered into between the company and the city, by which the company guarantees to supply gas at a reasonable price, being a purely business proposition on the part of the company, it must be evident that the company must supply a satisfactory article in order to attract consumers, and to build up and extend its business from time to time.

Just in the same way, while compelled to supply a good article, the company must also supply it as cheaply as they possibly can, allowing a reasonable margin of profit for themselves.

A company looking to the future, realizes that it may make a loss on the first two or three years of its operations, and any company alive to its own interests would be the natural course of things, and as a matter of course, reduce the cost of gas from time to time, to the lowest possible limit, in the expectation of gaining a larger business and increasing the number of consumers, and of inducing the people to make use of gas, not only in their homes and cooking ranges and stoves, but in their factories, and to replace coal in their furnaces with gas, and to use gas in their homes, and consequently, the gas can also, of course, be used in gas engines.

For all these purposes a non-illuminating gas is actually better than an illuminating gas, and can be supplied to the consumers at a rate of price cheaper than that necessarily charged for illuminating gas.

As most of the rate-payers are aware, the proposal recently made to the council which failed to receive the requisite majority when it was voted upon, was for gas of an illuminating quality at \$1.65 per thousand.

Non-illuminating gas, of quite as good quality for heating, cooking and power purposes, can be supplied as low as five per thousand cubic feet, and it would be to the interest of any company entering into a gas contract with the city, as soon as the consumption warrants it, to reduce the price from time to time to a very much lower figure in order to induce householders and others to use gas furnaces, and so do away with the dirt, trouble and unsanitary conditions of the use of coal.

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As to this question of municipal

## THE Gas Question

September 23, 1914.

On Tuesday, the 22nd day of September, the ratepayers of the city of Edmonton will be invited to cast their votes either for or against a municipal-owned gas plant, and at the same time, to express their opinion as to whether the gas to be supplied should be an illuminating or a non-illuminating gas.

In a city having such a complete system of electric lighting as the city of Edmonton, there is no necessity for having gas engines, gas—that is, gas which can be burned in an ordinary open flame burner.

Nor, indeed, does it seem desirable that another illuminant, of whatever nature, should be required in competition with the city's electric light.

Edmonton people do not require gas for light. They require it for heating, for power, for use in their homes, in their ranges and stoves, to burn in their grates, and to replace coal in their furnaces with gas, and to use gas in their homes, and consequently, the gas can also, of course, be used in gas engines.

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As to this question of municipal

ownership or not, it is suggested that whatever company may secure a franchise, it is to the advantage of the city that the gas plant should be built, maintained and operated by a company, rather than the city.

The city already has quite enough public utilities to take care of and manage, and the experience of the past shows the difficulties that are met with by a city attempting to extract a large number of utilities to commissioners and superintendents.

If the city built and maintained the gas plant, every rate-payer, whether he be a consumer of gas or not, must necessarily contribute to its cost and maintenance. That is assuming the gas plant and installation to require an expenditure of \$250,000—the money would be raised by the city's debentures, and the city (that is the rate-payers, whether consumers of gas or not) must eventually pay off these debentures, together with the interest accruing from time to time.

Moreover, the city would take the entire risk of what may be termed the speculation, and it is quite reasonable to suppose that for the first few years, the plant would be operated at a considerable, though gradually decreasing, loss.

If the plant is installed, maintained and operated by a company, the company must take entire risk.

Assuming that a proper contract is entered into between the company and the city, by which the company guarantees to supply gas at a reasonable price, being a purely business proposition on the part of the company, it must be evident that the company must supply a satisfactory article in order to attract consumers, and to build up and extend its business from time to time.

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